

# Self-Assessment Framework for Promoting Racial Equality in Educational Psychology Services

Division of Educational and Child Psychology 2023

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#### Foreword and guidance

Following a global pandemic, and the worldwide resurgence of the Black Lives Matters (BLM) movement for racial justice (as a result of the brutal public murder of a black man in the United States of America), in 2021, a Division of Educational and Child Psychology (DECP) working group was formed. The purpose of the group was to address racial equality regarding the profession of Educational Psychology, including its practice and application of psychology. This group comprised of practicing psychologists, including Main Grade, Senior and Principal Educational Psychologists, University Lecturers and Programme Directors, Tutors on Programmes for the Initial Training of Educational Psychologists, Educational Psychologists in Private Practice, and representatives from interest groups, Black and Ethnic Minority Educational Psychology (BEEP), Trainee EPs' Initiative for Cultural Change (TEPPIC), Educational Psychologists' Race and Culture Forum (EPRCF) and the Association of Educational Psychologists (AEP) and the National Association of Principal Psychologists (NAPEP). In short, the group have been working together to update and further develop a number of tools, training events and resources to support the profession, education providers and the communities they serve. This preface concerns the updating of the 'Self-Assessment Framework for Promoting Racial Equality in Educational Psychology Services'.

#### 2001 working group

In the original 'Self-Assessment Framework for Promoting Racial Equality in Educational Psychology Services', the 2001 working group highlighted the need for all Services to implement 'Ethnic Monitoring', whilst reflecting on the fact that this was non-statutory guidance, a notion that the Race Relations Amendment Act (2000) did not say that Local Authorities (LAs) must monitor. The 2001 working group asserted that it would be difficult for LAs to fulfil their duty to eliminate unlawful racial discrimination without monitoring their own practice (CRE, 2002). As noted by the 2001 working group, whilst 'ethnic monitoring' provides information about the demography of client groups, it does not impact directly on Educational Psychologists (EPs) practice, and does not in itself contribute to the promotion of racial equality as required by the Race Relations Amendment Act (2000). The 2021 Working Party agrees with our 2001 colleagues. If we are to reinforce the good work that was started in 2001, we feel Educational Psychology Services (EPSs), at all levels, must adopt a more contemporaneous, reflexive, rigorous and challenging approach. Then the promotion of racial equality is more likely to become an active and dynamic process.

#### The revised 2023 Self-Assessment Framework

The following 'Self-Assessment Framework for Promoting Racial Equality in Educational Psychology Services' is a revision of the Framework developed by the 2001 working group. We want to acknowledge that the Framework developed by colleagues in 2001, is a highly valued and respected tool for its time. It set out to help EPSs to audit their policies and practices with respect to promoting racial equality.

The 2021 DECP working group wanted to honour the principles on which the 2001 Framework was developed and to pursue the commitment to actively promote racial equality in the children and young people's services in which EPs work, in pursuit of fairness and social justice. The 2023 'Self-Assessment Framework for Promoting Racial Equality in Educational Psychology Services' was thus

revised to reflect societal and legislative changes that have since taken place, and to support services to further develop more rigorous and effective methods for monitoring anti-racist and inclusive practice, given the current climate.

The new 'Self-Assessment Framework for Promoting Racial Equality in Educational Psychology Services' continues to take the form of a performance checklist and complements the DECP Quality Standards document. The clear aim of the 2023 Framework is to build on the previous framework and promote the highest possible quality of Racial Equality in Educational Psychology Services. It is hoped that this document will serve as a substantive guide for EPSs wishing to undertake their own self-evaluation of the quality and consistency of the promotion of racial equality in their service. The Standards for each of the areas covered continue to consist of the following four components:

- 1. Policy Development which details the Services policies in this area.
- 2. Professional Practice which details the services practices.
- 3. Induction, Supervision and Continuing Professional Development, which highlights the opportunities and minimum expectations for personal development.
- 4. Details the processes for fair Recruitment and Retention.

The 2023 Self-Assessment Framework, at its core, encourages a holistic review of EPS policies, practices, and services, and their efforts to reduce systemic racism. As in previous years, the Standards are not intended to be exhaustive, prescriptive, or limiting, and they should not be 'passed' only in their entirety. Instead, it is hoped that the Standards provide indicators of how a Quality Educational Psychology Service may operate in terms of their practice and promotion of racial equality and anti-racism.

The 2023 Self-Assessment Framework has been trialled in a number of Local Authority (LA) Psychological Services, and in addition, Principal Educational Psychologists have provided helpful feedback. We are sincerely grateful to all those individuals and Services who have at various times assisted in the work involved in revising the Framework.

#### Scoring Hierarchy

Each criteria can be scored:

- 4 (blue) Outstanding.
- 3 (green) Good.
- 2 (amber) Satisfactory (and requires further development).
- 1 (red) Weak (and needs immediate action).

The following table shows the scoring hierarchy.

Number	Colour	Judgement	Descriptor
4		Outstanding	An area whereby a service can demonstrate that it is outstanding in its practice (as measured by the indicators), and can demonstrate, with evidence, that it leads to improved outcomes for children, adolescents, and young adults.
3		Good	An area that functions well and produces outcomes where children, adolescents and young adults achieve consistently. A service improvement cycle is evident.
2		Satisfactory (and requires further development)	An area that is fit for purpose but needs to be reviewed if student outcomes are to be further improved. Some progress is evident, and a service improvement cycle is in place.
1		Weak (and needs immediate action):	An area that needs to be extensively redeveloped. It might be that it was 'good' practice some years ago but that is now not fit for purpose. Essentially, it does not support improved outcomes for children, adolescents, and young adults.

# 1. Policy Development

Standard	Service own rating	Sources of Evidence
	(Emergent/Established/Advanced)	
1.1 The Service has a written		e.g. service or LA REP policy
Race Equality Policy (REP)		
either as a separate policy or		
a distinct section within an		
equal opportunities or		
diversity policy. (This may be		
embedded throughout the		
Educational Psychology (EP)		
service in a range of policies		
or informed by the Local		
Authority policy.)		
1.2 The policy explicitly		
covers members of all ethnic		
and national groups including		
asylum seekers, refugees,		

and Travellers. It also	
acknowledges how other	
protected factors might	
intersect with race.	
1.3 The policy includes or is	
linked to a Racial Harassment	
and Bullying Policy*and	
procedure for dealing with	
racist incidents (in all aspects	
of EP practice). The policy	
states clear independent	
processes and procedures for	
reporting, recording, and	
monitoring incidents, dealing	
with perpetrators, and	
supporting victims.	
1.4 The policy emphasises	e.g. in the form of a pledge,
the ongoing global	commitment, or written
importance of challenging	statement
racism. The policy has a	
strong focus on	
implementing anti – racist	
practice and promoting racial	
equality and diversity.	
1.5 The policy and	e.g. reviews take place at the
procedures are regularly	same time as Service Level
reviewed and amended, by	Agreements /Corporate and
all staff. Review date is	Team Plan reviews.
within 2-3 years, or earlier if	
deemed necessary (Date to	
be included in policy).	
1.6 Racial equality is	
considered an integral	
component when developing	
all other EP service policies.	
1.7 The REP is shared with all	
new starters in the service.	
This should include locums,	
and trainees (including those	
on block placements).	

\*Including Microaggressions (add to glossary)

## 2. Professional Practice

Standard	Service own rating	Sources of Evidence
	(Emergent/Established/Advanced)	See document X (by group X)
2.1 The Principal Educational		
Psychologist ensures that the		
REP is regularly shared with		
colleagues, service users and		

other stakeholders. This	
could be via accessible	
means, including the EPS	
website or on the Local	
Offer.	
2.2 Referrals to the EPS are	e.g. request for involvement
monitored by ethnic group -	form
based on CENSUS categories.	
Reasons for involvement and	
outcomes are annually	
analysed and discussed	
within the service to monitor	
equitable practice.	
2.3 The EPS monitors	
exclusions and	
disproportionately more	
generally i.e. SEND	
categories by ethnic group.	-
2.4 EPs remove barriers to	
involvement and ensure that	
parents/carers from all	
ethnic groups can express	
their views.	
2.5 EPs make use of an	
appropriate interpreter for	
families where	
communication may be an	
issue.	
2.6 All EPS staff are	e.g. planning/modifying
respectful, sensitive, and	assessments to take into
responsive to cultural	account cultural and religious
differences.	needs.
2.7 EPS documents and	
leaflets are translated into	
languages used in the local	
community.	
2.8 EPs use assessment tools	e.g. planning/modifying
and methods which do not	assessments to take into
disadvantage children from	account EAL, cultural needs.
minority ethnic groups and	,
are aware of the limitations	
of many standardised tests.	
2.9 All EPS staff are active in	e.g. monitoring and reporting
challenging racism and	incidents where appropriate.
stereotypes encountered in	
the course of their work	
3.0 The EPS offers culturally	e.g. pre-training days,
sensitive and appropriate,	mentoring, workshops,
community psychology	

services to children and families within the local area.	school drop-ins, training for children and families.
3.1 EPs draw on a wide range of psychological theory/ knowledge base/models of practice and recommend interventions/approaches which are culturally appropriate/sensitive	

#### 3. Induction, Supervision and Continuing Professional Development

Standard	Service own rating (Emergent/Established/Advanced)	Sources of Evidence
3.1 New members of the Service and EPs in training are made aware of the REP and procedures through the induction programme.		
3.2 Promoting racial equality, including awareness of power and privilege, issues affecting minority ethnic groups and being able to challenge racism. These should form part of the process of supervision for all EPS staff and EPs in training.		e.g. having open and safe discussions in supervision.
3.3 EPs are kept informed of relevant current research on racial equality and are involved in the collection of data.		e.g. involvement in the collection, analysis, and reporting of service data.
3.4 EPs are given regular feedback on data collected through the REP and procedures, and current action plans.		e.g. reviewing and analysing data and using it meaningfully for positive outcome.
3.5 All Staff have equal access to all types of CPD opportunities and are encouraged to access CPD about Equality and Diversity Issues (at least annually). Staff from minority ethnic groups should not		e.g. having EDI as a regular agenda item or as part of a service development plan. Attending conferences/training from appropriate trainers including interest groups.

automatically be considered 'race experts'.	
3.6 The Service supports projects, research, and publications in this area of work.	

### 4. Recruitment and Retention

4. Recruitment and Re		
Standard	Service own rating	Sources of Evidence
	(Emergent/Established/Advanced)	
4.1 The Service ensures that		e.g. a printout of a job
recruitment and selection		advert.
procedures are consistent		
with the Equalities Act 2010		
and job advertisements		
include an equal		
opportunities statement.		
4.2 Steps are taken to		
encourage people from		
under-represented minority		
ethnic groups to apply for		
positions within the Service.		
4.3 The Service monitors and		
documents the employment		
and professional		
development of all staff.		
4.4 The Service takes steps to		
ensure that selection for		
redundancy avoids racial		
discrimination.		
4.5 There is an 'exit		
interview' procedure which		
includes a reference to racial		
equality practice.		
4.6 All staff are aware of the		
Service complaints,		
disciplinary and grievance		
procedures.		